Global Information Management

IWXXM Experience From Application Developer Perspective

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Air Transportation Information Exchange Conference -Global Information Management

Agenda

- Frequentis California
- Introduction to IWXXM
- Problems
- Recommendations
- Conclusion





Frequentis California

- Frequentis California
 - Incorporated in 2010 after the acquisition of Global Weather Dynamics by Frequentis AG
 - Offers Message Handling (AMHS) and Aeronautical & Weather Information Management Systems
- Global Weather Dynamics (GWDI)
 - Was created in the 70s and originally provided weather forecast to the US Navy
 - In 1990 GWDI developed the application software for the FAA WMSCR system
- Staff with strong domain expertize in weather management



Our Interest with IWXXM

- smartWeather- Weather Information Management System
 - Supports Acquisition, Management, processing data access and visualization all type of weather information
 - Upgrading to support IWXXM/WXXM
- smartIWXXMconverter-IWXXM Converter
 - Supports bi-directional conversion between TAC and IWXXM





Introduction to IWXXM

- Managed by ICAO and WMO
- Strict and complete representation of ICAO Annex 3 products
- Defined by XML Schema (generated from a UML Model)
- Aligned with:
 - ISO standards for geospatial information, including the GML (Geography Markup Language)
 - OGC Best Practices for geospatial information, including the Observation & Measurement model
- Rel 1.1 is the current released version





Advantages of IWXXM

- Avoid Problems of badly formatted TAC Data
 - Ensures Valid Data Structure
 - Promotes Valid Content
- Harmonization with AIXM and FIXM





Technology Used

- JAXB
 - Java Architecture for XML Binding
 - Public Domain Software Package
- Decode/Encode IWXXM documents
- Significant Labor Savings
- Ensures Compliance with IWXXM Schema





JAXB







Problems

- Dual Models: IWXXM vs WXXM
- Incomplete Currently does not handle all TAC data
- Complex- Adoption Of The Full Range Of OGC Standards Makes IWXXM large and complicated
- Huge Product Size- 100+ Times Larger Than TAC Data Equivalent



Problems (Continued)

- Carries Large Amounts of Data of No
 Operational Significance (Metadata)
- Offers No Functional Improvement Over TAC Data Formats
- Not Human Readable Requires an HMI which is undefined.





Complexity

- The IWXXM standard consists of **4 Parts**:
 - ICAO Defined: 69 Elements
 - 141 Elements WMO defined: 72 Elements
 - OGC Defined OpenGIS: 379 Elements
 ISO 19139 (Metadata): 293 Element
- In Theory, Aviation Weather is Geospatial in Nature. In Fact, It is Only Marginally So.
- The Adoption of The OGC Standard Makes IWXXM difficult To Implement.





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Complexity (an Example)

- TAC Format:
 - "W07305 S2705 WI 150NM OF TC CENTER TOP ABV FL500"

• IWXXM:

 <iwxxm:geometry> - <saf:AirspaceVolume gml:id="as1"> <saf:upperLimit uom="ft">50000</saf:upperLimit> <saf:horizontalProjection> - <gml:Surface gml:id="tc-obs-N2706-sfc" srsName="http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/EPSG/0/4326"> <qml:polygonPatches> <gml:PolygonPatch> <gml:exterior> - <gml:Ring> <gml:curveMember> - <qml:Curve qml:id="curve01"> <gml:segments> - <gml:CircleByCenterPoint numArc="1"> <gml:pos>27.06 -73.06</gml:pos> <gml:radius uom="n.mi">150</gml:radius> </gml:CircleByCenterPoint> </gml:segments> </gml:Curve> </gml:curveMember> </gml:Ring> </gml:exterior> </gml:PolygonPatch> </gml:polygonPatches> </gml:Surface> </saf:horizontalProjection> </saf:AirspaceVolume> </iwxxm:geometry>





Data of No Operational Significance

- Lack of Guidance with FIR Boundaries
 - Why are FIR boundaries included?
 - How are these thinned (FIR boundaries often consist of thousands of coordinates)?
- Lack of guidance with Metadata
 - How are these fields defined?
 - What is to be included and why?



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IWXXM is Incomplete

- Only Support Textual Reports (does not include binary/image data)
- Currently Only Support METAR, TAF and SIGMET
- No Support for Other Annex 3 Text Products:
 - AIRMET
 - Aerodrome Warnings
 - Wind Shear Warnings
 - GAMET
 - Tropical Cyclone and Volcanic Advisory Messages
- Little information about Roadmap of future Development





Simple Aeronautical Features

- When originating IWXXM data, aeronautical reference data must be added to the document
- SAF is a schema that defines how this data is to be presented (formatted) in the IWXXM document
- SAF defines a small subset of AIXM data: aerodrome, airspace, runways, and organizational units



SAF (Continued)

- The definition of SAF does not specify how this data will be made available to IWXXM data originators (Not Defined)?
 - Is it intended that some agency will provide a SAF conforming source for this reference data
 - Is it intended that IWXXM data originators access an AIXM database to obtain this data?
- Data defined by SAF is of little operational use (FIR boundaries, GML ID)
- Another issue: Is the GML ID in IWXXM documents supposed to be the same as defined in AIXM?





WMO Reference Data

- Much of IWXXM Content Refers to WMO Tables
 Published in WMO Publication 306 and also
 Available on the Internet
- The Originator Of IWXXM Data Needs To Access These Tables and/or Maintain Local Copies
- These Tables are Very Static
- This Reference Data Should be incorporated into the IWXXM Schema rather than a reference to an external source



Schematron Validation

- Ensure that the XML follow the validation rules
- These Validation Rules Are Defined in the IWXXM Schema
- The validation are only high level and we see little value with these rules





Nits

- Examples of IWXXM small problems that need to be corrected or resolved:
 - The IWXXM Schema Is Unable To Support
 Operators Such as "Less Than" or "Greater Than"
 When Applied to Any Parameter Measurement
 - There Is no possibility to specify if SIGMET data Is an observation or a forecast.





Support

- We appreciate the great effort made in the development of the IWXXM model
- We have found the forum for discussion slow to respond and ability of the authors to make adjustments limited by approval procedures
- The availability of samples of IWXXM Data is very limited and obsolete





Recommendations

- Accelerate the inclusion of **all other textual data** formats into IWXXM
- **Resolve the purpose and source** of Aeronautical Reference Data (SAF)
- Simplify IWXXM Model
 - Remove Reference to OGC standards
 - Remove data of little or no operational significance (metadata, FIR boundaries)
 - Alternatively provide guidelines for the metadata (what metadata to be included an in what format it should be)



Recommendations (Continued)

- Consider **including WMO reference data** in the IWXXM model itself
- Provide more example of XML documents
- Update the IWXXM primer
- Establish some conformance testing procedure
- Develop guidelines for a generic IWXXM HMI
- Improve responsiveness to user community by the IWXXM working group





Conclusion

- IWXXM will happen as it is **mandated** by ICAO
- Problems outlined in this presentation (technical, documentation, testing) will be resolved
- Real Problem- Users do not understand the operational benefit of IWXXM -> delay the adoption
- More work needs to be done with data querying/manipulation/visualization to convince the community of the benefits of IWXXM -> Frequentis Digital Briefing Prototype with Eurocontrol



